



Mission Innovation Financing Masterclass

Financing Clean Energy Demonstrations Dialogue Series





Welcome and Introduction



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*Director, International Climate
and Energy*

*Australian Department of
Climate Change, Energy, the
Environment and Water*





Opening Remarks



Leslie Biddle

*Senior Advisor to the
Undersecretary of
Infrastructure*

*United States Department of
Energy*





Association Perspectives



Nancy Gillis

*Program Head, Climate Action
and First Movers Coalition*

World Economic Forum





**First Movers
Coalition**



**WORLD
ECONOMIC
FORUM**

First Movers Coalition

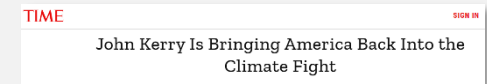
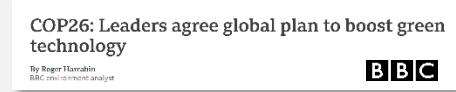
September 2023

First Movers Coalition launched at COP26

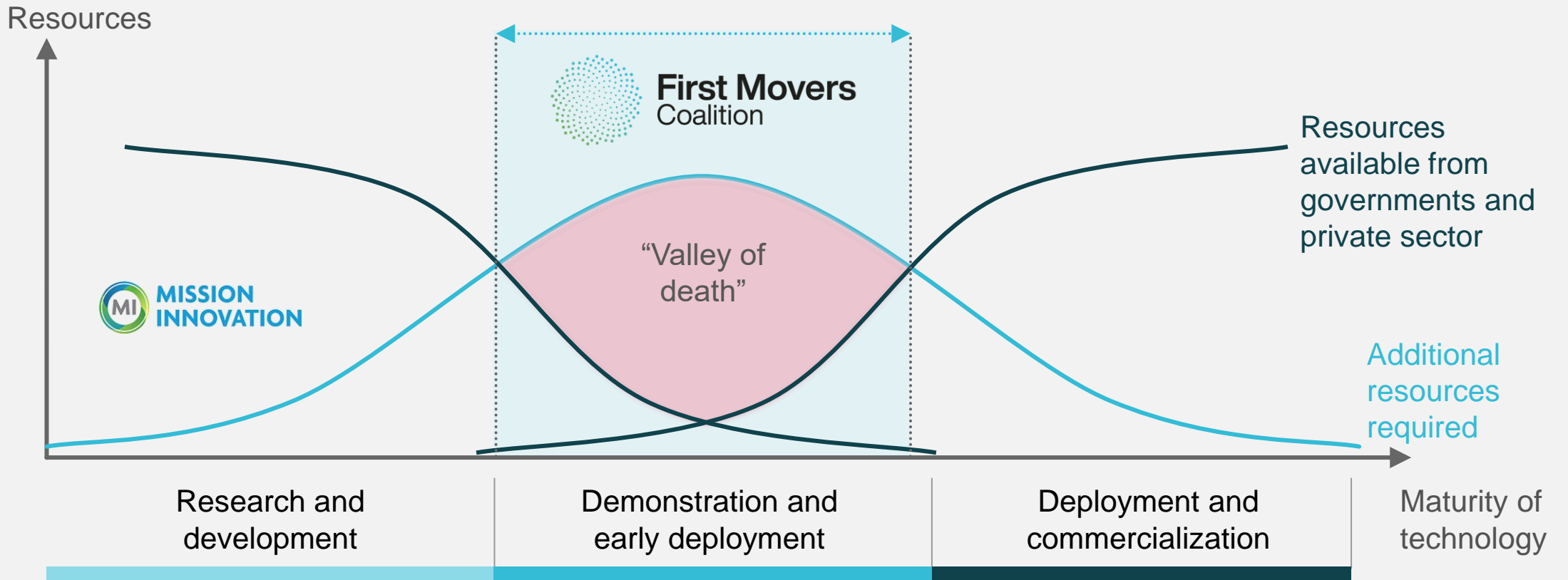
FMC was a top COP26 announcement, bringing together world leaders incl. Presidents Biden and von der Leyen, Secretary Kerry, & leading CEOs



... with significant media exposure

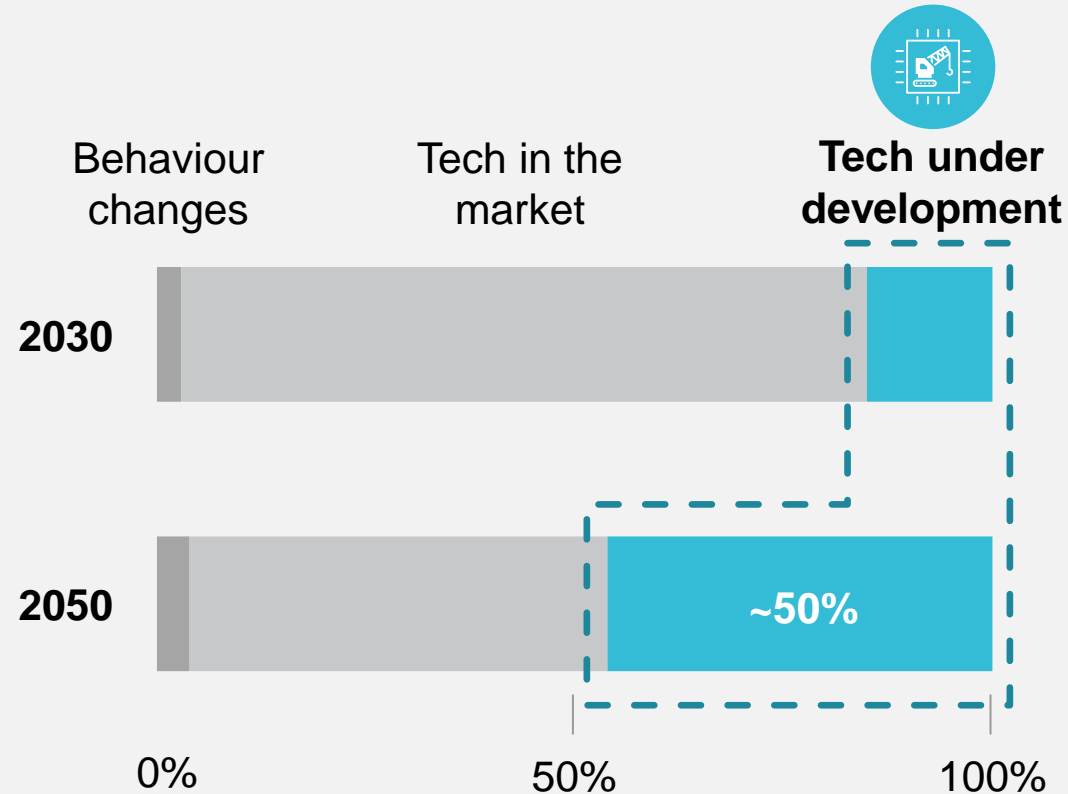


FMC is the only buyers' club to scale emerging tech across hard-to-abate sectors through early demand signals



This decade, FMC will jumpstart the scale-up of the emerging technologies needed for net zero by 2050

Required emissions reductions for global net zero



FMC creates **early markets** this decade



FMC assembles **sectoral "buyers"** clubs



Commitment sends **demand signal** to suppliers



Suppliers **develop and scale** new technologies

Eight sectors in scope of the FMC, representing >30% of global carbon emissions today & most new tech needs

Launched at COP26

Launched at WEF
Annual Meeting 2022

Launched at COP27

Still to be launched



Aviation



Steel



Aluminum



Cement / Concrete



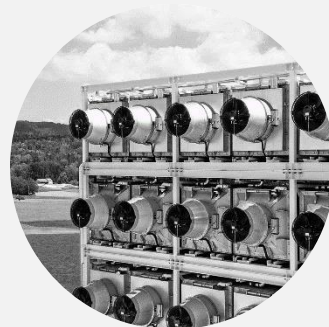
Chemicals



Shipping



Trucking



Carbon Removal

Driving impact through sector-specific demand commitments

111

total commitments from **85 members**
from top global corporations and non-
profit organizations across **7 sectors**

...resulting in...

\$15B

in demand for
near-zero-emission products

...supported by...

13

government partners representing
over 50% of global GDP

Overview of current members

Aluminum – 14 members

- Apple
- Ball Corp
- Bang & Olufsen
- CBA
- Constellium
- Ford Motor Company
- General Motors
- Hydro
- Logitech
- Novelis
- PepsiCo
- Speira
- Trafigura
- Volvo Group

Aviation – 26 members

- Airbus
- American Express GBT
- Apple
- Autodesk
- Aveva
- Bain & Company
- Bank of America
- Boeing
- Boom
- Boston Consulting Group
- Deloitte
- Delta Airlines
- Deutsche Post DHL Group
- Eni
- EY
- FedEx
- Fortescue Metals Group
- Lufthansa Group Nokia
- PwC
- Rio Tinto
- Salesforce
- Schneider Electric
- United Airlines
- University of Michigan
- Vattenfall

Carbon Removal – 10 members

- AES
- Alphabet
- Boston Consulting Group
- Drax
- EGA
- Microsoft
- Mitsui O.S.K. Lines
- Salesforce
- SwissRe
- Trafigura

Cement & Concrete – 7 members

- CCC
- Etex
- General Motors
- RMZ
- Vattenfall
- Ørsted
- ZGF Architects

Shipping – 14 members

- A.P. Møller – Mærsk
- Agility
- Aker Biomarine
- Amazon
- BHP
- Fortescue Metals Group
- Höegh Autoliners
- Logitech
- Mitsui O.S.K. Lines
- Rio Tinto
- Schneider Electric
- Trafigura
- Western Digital
- Yara International

Steel – 25 members

- Aker Solutions
- Alfa Laval
- Bharat Forge
- Consolidated Contractors Group
- Ecolab
- EGUI
- Enel
- Engie
- Ford Motor Company
- Fortescue Metals Group
- General Motors
- Iberdrola
- Invenenergy
- Johnson Controls
- Mahindra
- Mainstream Renewable Power
- Marcegaglia
- Ørsted
- ReNew Power
- Scania
- Trane Technologies
- Vattenfall
- Vestas
- Volvo Group
- ZF Friedrichshafen AG

Trucking – 15 members

- Agility
- Cemex
- Dalmia Cement
- Fortescue Metals Group
- Heidelberg Cement
- Holcim
- National Grid
- Norge Mining
- PepsiCo
- Rio Tinto
- Scania
- SSAB Swedish Steel
- Toll Group
- Vattenfall
- Volvo Group

FMC Government Engagement Pillar addresses public-private levers to accelerate scaling of FMC technologies in- scope

How Government Partners support

Aggregating demand:

- Mobilizing demand in their countries by issuing invitations to relevant demand companies in your country to join FMC.

Surfacing Supply:

- Identifying domestic companies to include in the **supplier database**.
- Supporting **in-country workshops**- India, Brazil, South Africa.
- Invite Chief Procurement Officers from relevant companies to participate in the Procure Innovation Dialogues.

Supporting Enabling Ecosystem:

- **Action on key policy levers** identified by First Movers Coalition members across enabling ecosystem.
- **International collaboration to scale technology**: partnered with relevant international processes (CEM, COP, IDDI, Breakthrough Agenda).

FMC Government Partners (13)

Steering Board (5)



United States
Ministry counterpart: Special Presidential Envoy for Climate (SPEC)



Japan
Ministry: Economy, Trade and Industry



Sweden
Ministry: Climate and the Environment



Germany
Ministry: Economic Affairs & Climate Action



India
Ministry: Commerce & industry

Other Government Partners (8)



Australia
Ministry: Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water



Norway
Ministry: Trade and Industry



Canada
Ministry: Innovation, Science and Industry



Singapore
Ministry: Transport, Minister-in-Charge



Denmark
Ministry: Dev. Cooperation and Global Climate Policy



United Arab Emirates
Ministry: Industry and Advanced Technology

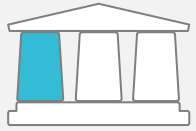


Italy
Ministry: Environment and Energy Security



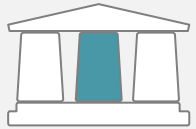
United Kingdom
Ministry: Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy

Complementary set of initiatives structured to support members across multiple topics to achieve offtake



Recruit Demand

Targeted Recruiting: Aggregate sufficient demand signal to establish business case for supply-side investments and ensure participation across value chain to prevent bottlenecks



Surface Supply

In-Country Workshops: Stimulate creation of new FMC supply in local markets by driving visibility to FMC demand and discussing how to stimulate local green economies

Supplier Database: Vet proposals through technical partner and provide members with list of vetted suppliers and detailed project proposals



Streamline Procurement

Global Challenges & RFP: Launch global challenges to identify supply and provide access to 3rd party RFP to help FMC member procurement teams and incentivize suppliers

Procure Innovation Dialogue: Discuss best practices for procuring “innovation” including value of CTO/CPO partnership and featuring current examples



Build Enabling Ecosystem

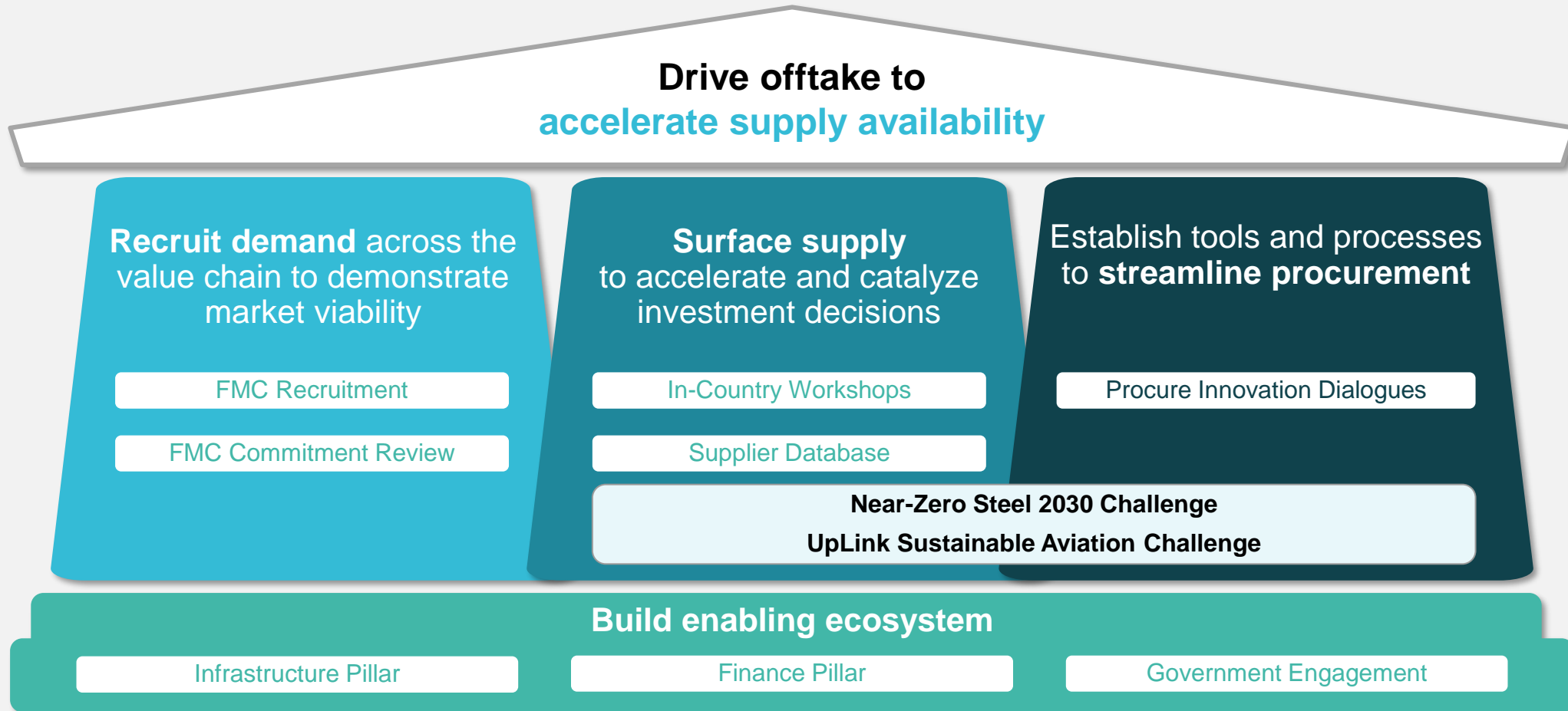
Infrastructure Pillar: Seek commitments from ecosystem players to make critical investments in supporting infrastructure

Finance Pillar: Seek development of financial products to support and accelerate member transition, with particular focus on concessionary financing from governments

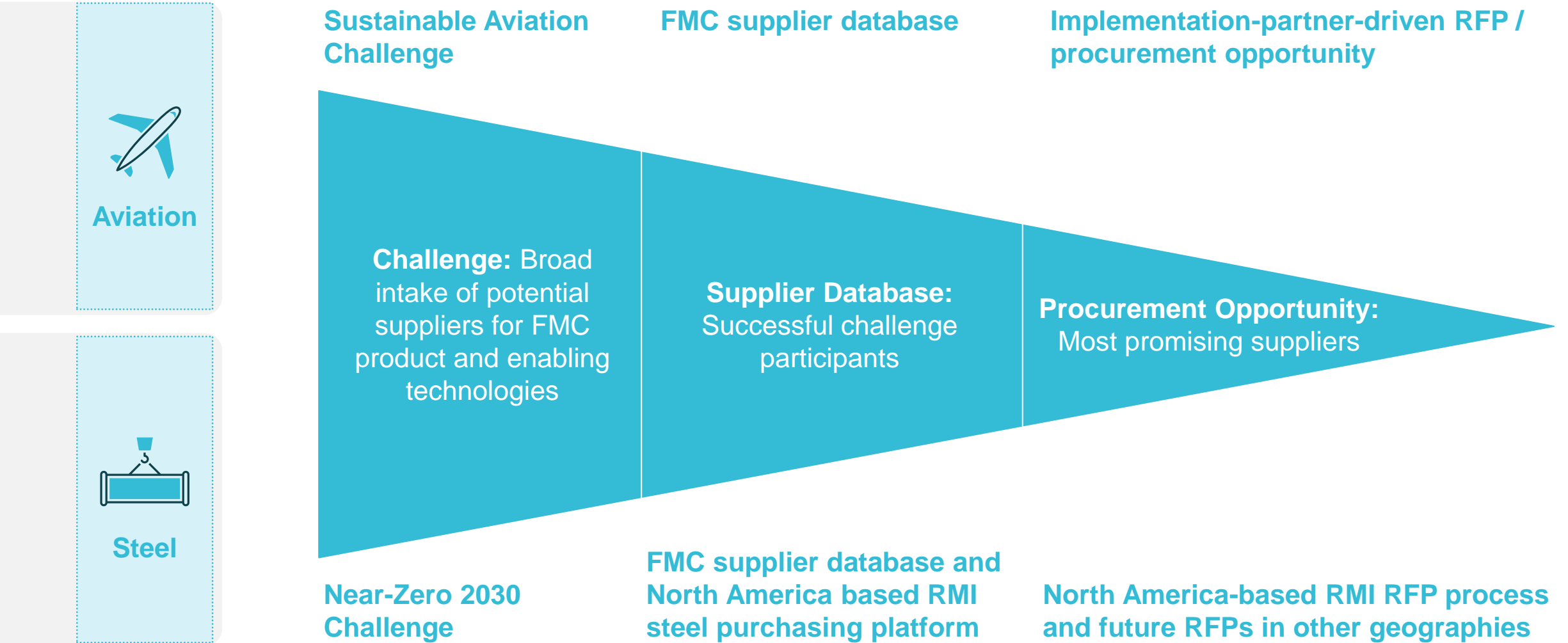
Government Engagement: Compile sector perspectives for monthly report and establish targeted engagement with government partners

Details provided in following pages

FMC focus is advancing the pillars and enabling ecosystem that will accelerate availability of clean tech



Aviation and steel challenges are designed to lead to procurement opportunities



Note: Further details later in materials expand on these challenges

Sector commitments

Aluminum | Commitment scope

Technologies in-scope

Procurement of **primary aluminum** produced using breakthrough technologies, including

- **Inert anodes** to reduce direct process emissions
- Carbon capture, utilization and storage (**CCUS**) to capture process-related emissions at source
- **Green hydrogen** to feed thermal energy processes
- Mechanical vapor recompression (**MVR**) to recover and reuse waste heat

Optionally, increased use of **recycled aluminum**, which is 25 times less carbon-intensive than high-carbon primary aluminum

Focus: Ambition for purchasers of primary aluminum

- “ At least 10% (by volume) of all our primary aluminum procured annually will be near-zero emissions primary aluminum by 2030 (as per FMC definition)

Optional: Ambition for downstream users of recycled aluminum

- “ Additionally, we commit to ensuring that at least 50% of all aluminum we use annually is composed of recycled aluminum by 2030

*All companies making an FMC aluminum commitment **must sign up for the primary aluminum commitment**; companies willing to demonstrate leadership in recycling are encouraged to make the additional optional commitment*

Aluminum | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

- The purchase of near zero-emissions primary aluminum, emitting <3t CO2 per ton of primary aluminum produced

FMC research indicates that near-zero primary aluminum produced at this threshold will require the adoption of *at least one of many* breakthrough technologies in the aluminum production process, including but not limited to:

- Inert anodes
- Mechanical vapor recompression
- Green hydrogen
- CCUS

-
- The increased use of recycled aluminum, including both pre-consumer and post-consumer scrap, which can be facilitated through novel purification and sorting technologies and advances towards closed loop manufacturing systems

Ambition



At least 10% (by volume) of all our primary aluminum procured annually will be near-zero, emitting less than 3t CO2 per ton of primary aluminum, by 2030



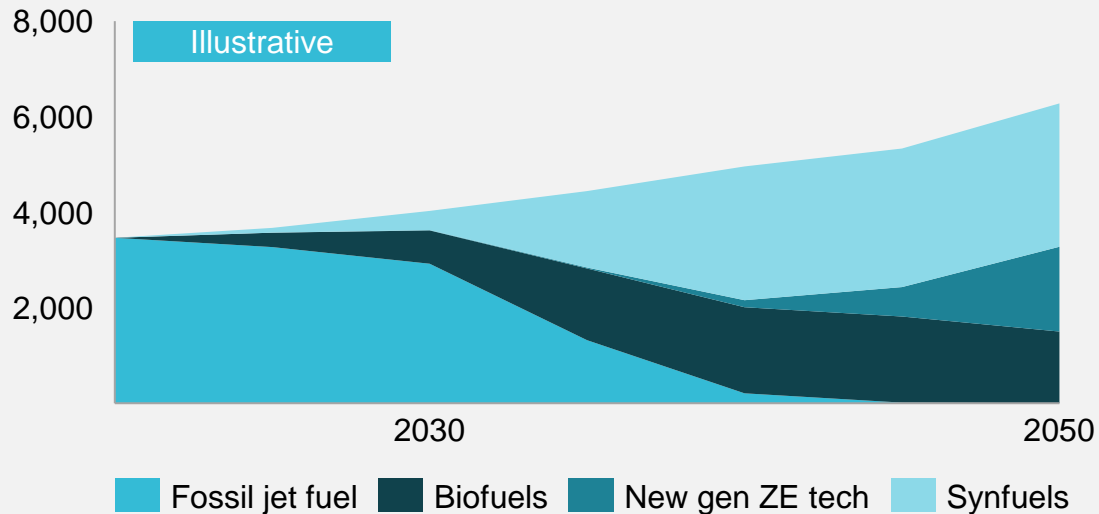
[Optional commitment]

Additionally, we commit to ensuring that at least 50% of all aluminum we use annually is composed of recycled aluminum by 2030





Aviation | Commitment scope

Energy demand (TWh)



Technologies in FMC scope

-  Sustainable Aviation Fuels¹ with LCA GHG reduction ≥ 85%
-  New generation near-zero emissions propulsion technologies, incl.
 - Battery-electric
 - Hydrogen turbine and fuel cells



Airline

“ By 2030, we will replace at least 5% of conventional jet fuel demand with sustainable aviation fuels (SAFs) that reduce life-cycle GHG emissions by 85% or more when compared with conventional jet fuel, and/or using zero-carbon emitting propulsion technologies



Airfare/airfreight purchaser

“ By 2030, we will partner with air transport operators to replace at least 5% of conventional jet fuel used for our air travel/freight with sustainable aviation fuels (SAFs) that reduce life-cycle GHG emissions by 85% or more when compared with conventional jet fuel, and/or zero-carbon emitting propulsion technologies

1. Neat SAF with >85% LCA, using the Schneider-Kildee-Brownley-Brown-Cantwell definition.

Disclaimer: the Climate Pathway scenario is the result of an analysis assuming aggressive cost reductions, progressive technology developments and future breakthroughs, and high investments from 2021 onwards

Aviation | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

Utilization of cutting-edge SAFs & propulsion technologies for air travel by 2030

In-scope:

- Sustainable Aviation Fuels with LCA GHG reduction $\geq 85\%$ ¹
- New generation near-zero emissions propulsion technologies, incl. battery-electric, hydrogen turbine and fuel cells
- Other technologies with LCA GHG reduction $\geq 85\%$

Out-of-scope:

- More established SAFs – i.e. with LCA GHG reduction $< 85\%$ ¹
- Fossil jet fuels
- Carbon offsets
- Efficiency improvements

Ambition

Airline / Air freight - By 2030, we will replace at least 5% of conventional jet fuel demand with sustainable aviation fuels (SAFs) that reduce life-cycle GHG emissions by 85% or more when compared with conventional jet fuel, and/or zero-carbon emitting propulsion technologies

OR

Airfare / airfreight purchaser –
By 2030, we will partner with air transport operators to replace at least 5% of conventional jet fuel used for our air travel / freight with sustainable aviation fuels (SAFs) that reduce life-cycle GHG emissions by 85% or more when compared with conventional jet fuel, and/or zero-carbon emitting propulsion technologies

1. Neat SAF, using the Schneider-Kildee-Brownley-Brown-Cantwell definition - fuels that can be beneficial to worker health and safety in the airport environment and in the surrounding communities - safety and training of crews are vital activities to be built out further after COP26.



Carbon Removal | Commitment scope

Technologies in-scope

Contracting **permanent and scalable** carbon removal that satisfies the following thresholds:

- **Permanence:** Solutions that demonstrably store captured carbon for 1,000+ years
- **Scalability:** Solutions that can potentially store at least 1MT of carbon by 2030 and 1GT by 2050

Solutions must satisfy the above thresholds and meet the FMC's environmental externality and risk mitigation criteria, to be developed by the FMC Secretariat and sector champions, in consultation with members and ecosystem partners

Ambition: Cumulative Commitment

“In addition to our maximal direct emissions reduction efforts, we commit to contract for **at least 50,000 tons** of durable and scalable (per FMC definitions) net carbon removal to be achieved **by the end of 2030.**”

As an alternative to contracting for 50,000 tons, companies joining the FMC can contract for **at least \$25 million** of durable and scalable (per FMC definitions) net carbon removal, to be achieved **by the end of 2030.**



Carbon Removal | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

Durable and scalable carbon removal that satisfies the following thresholds:

- **Permanence:** Solutions that demonstrably store captured carbon for 1,000+ years
- **Scalability:** Solutions that can potentially store at least 1MT of carbon by 2030 and 1GT by 2050

Solutions with the potential to meet these durability and scalability criteria can come from the following categories

- Engineered solutions such as DACCS¹, BECCS²/BiCRS³
- Hybrid natural processes such as enhanced weathering and mineralization

Solutions must satisfy the above thresholds and meet the FMC's environmental externality and risk mitigation criteria

1. Direct Air Capture and Carbon Sequestration, 2. Bioenergy with Carbon Capture and Storage, 3. Biomass Carbon Removal and Storage, 4. Hybrid processes like biochar may also be included. While the decay rate of carbon stored in this manner is currently estimated at less than 1,000 years, it may improve in the future with different deployment techniques. Projects will need to be evaluated on a case-by-case basis

Ambition

Cumulative volume commitment

"In addition to our maximal direct emissions reduction efforts, we commit to contract for at least 50,000 tons of durable and scalable (per FMC definitions) net carbon removal to be achieved by the end of 2030."

Alternative: Cumulative \$ commitment

As an alternative to contracting for 50,000 tons, companies joining the FMC can contract for **at least \$25 million** of durable and scalable (per FMC definitions) net carbon removal, to be achieved **by the end of 2030**.



Cement and Concrete | Commitment scope



Construction & Engineering

“ We commit to purchasing at least **10%** (by volume) of our cement / concrete per year as **near-zero cement / concrete¹** inclusive of any SCMs by 2030 and excluding fossil-based SCMs by 2035



Real Estate / Developers / Advisory

“ We commit to ensuring / specifying that at least **10%** (by volume) of the cement / concrete procured for our projects per year is **near-zero carbon cement / concrete¹** inclusive of any SCMs by 2030 and excluding fossil-based SCMs by 2035

Breakthrough technological pathways

Procurement of **cement or concrete** produced using breakthrough technologies, including (but not limited to)

- Carbon capture, utilization and storage (**CCUS**) to capture process-related emissions at source
- Clinker substitution using **non-fossil-based SCMs** (i.e., SCMs other than GGBS and fly ash)
- **Alternative cement chemistries** reliant on raw materials other than limestone

1. As per FMC definition



Cement and Concrete | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

First Movers will make a commitment for either cement or concrete:

1. **Cement** with embodied carbon below 184 kg CO₂e/ton
2. **Concrete** that meets the embodied carbon limits below

| Specified compressive strength (f'c in psi) | Embodied carbon (kg CO ₂ e/m ³) |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 - 2500 psi | 70 |
| 2501 - 3000 psi | 78 |
| 3001 - 4000 psi | 96 |
| 4001 - 5000 psi | 117 |
| 5001 - 6000 psi | 124 |
| 6001 - 8000 psi | 144 |

Technological pathways

Solutions may include (but are not limited to):

- **CCUS**
- **Non-fossil-based SCMs**
- **Fuel switching**
- Renewable electricity
- Efficiency improvements
- Decarbonated raw materials
- Alternative cement chemistries
- CO₂ mineralization during curing

Out-of-scope:

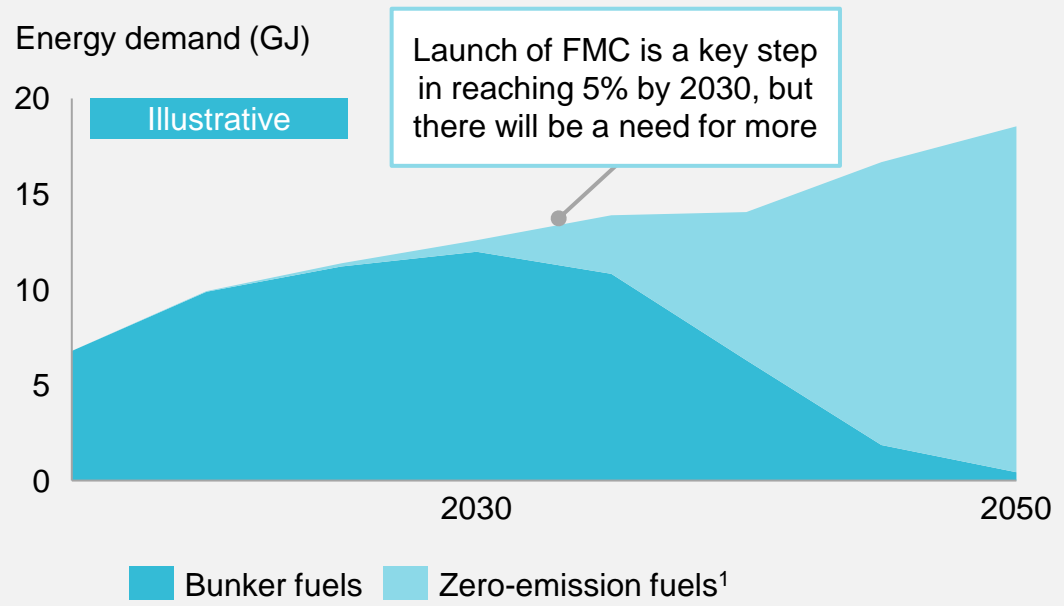
- [By 2035] Fossil-based SCMs (i.e., GGBS and fly ash)
- Carbon offsets

Bolded abatement technologies seen as most critical to meeting FMC targets according to FMC research





Shipping | Commitment scope



Carrier focus

“ At least 5% of our deep-sea shipping will be powered by zero-emission fuels by 2030, enabled by ships capable of using zero-emission fuels



Cargo owner focus

“ At least 10% of the volume of our goods shipped internationally will be on ships using zero-emission fuels by 2030; on the way to 100% by 2040

Technologies in FMC scope

- Zero-emission fuels¹
 - Clean Ammonia
 - Clean Methanol
 - Hydrogen
 - Battery
- Coupled with vessels/engines capable of using zero-emission fuels

1. Technologies considered in scope will be reviewed over the course of the 2020s and potentially be updated based on new evidence; review of new fuels will consider lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions and scalability as well as the availability/supply of new fuels and the quantum of the commitment for different actors. Current list assumes in-scope fuels are used in accordance w/ generally accepted standards for safe handling and onboard use, and assumes mitigation of other potential environmental & social impacts of production, distribution, and use. In some cases those standards are currently under development

Source: S&P Global Platts; UMAS; Getting to Zero Coalition; Cargo Owners for Zero Emission Vessels; Energy Transitions Commission; Mission Possible Project; BCG analysis



Shipping | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

Utilization of zero-emission fuel¹ in new and retrofitted ships (clean ammonia, clean methanol², hydrogen, battery)³

In-scope:

- Fuels that have zero emissions on a lifecycle basis⁴
- Fuels that when blended or used as standalones are sufficiently scalable to decarbonize the entire shipping industry
- Fuels for which land use / sustainability concerns have been addressed
- Fuels that can be used safely in time⁵

Out-of-scope:

- Liquid natural gas and drop-in fuels
- Carbon offsets
- Efficiency improvements

Ambition

Carrier - At least 5% of our deep-sea shipping will be powered by zero-emission fuels by 2030, enabled by ships capable of using zero-emission fuels

OR

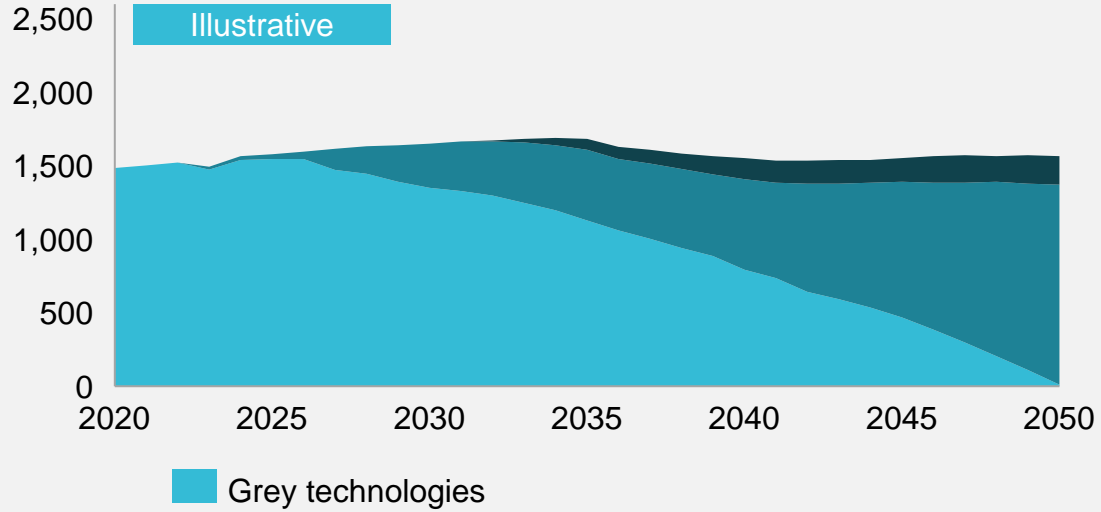
Cargo owner - At least 10% of the volume of goods shipped internationally will be on ships using zero-emission fuels by 2030; on the way to 100% by 2040


1. "Zero-emission fuel" defined as detailed in the Getting to Zero Coalition guidelines on "zero carbon energy sources" - see appendix for more details; 2. Methanol with non-biogenic carbon inputs; 3. Technologies considered in scope will be reviewed over the course of the 2020's and potentially be updated based on new evidence; review of new fuels will consider lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions and scalability as well as the availability/supply of new fuels and the quantum of the commitment for different actors. Current list assumes in-scope fuels are used in accordance w/ generally accepted standards for safe handling and onboard use, and assumes mitigation of other potential environmental & social impacts of production, distribution, and use. In some cases those standards are currently under development; 4. Net-zero emission fuels may not be zero emissions in near future, but evidence needed that it will become zero by the time of shipping decarbonization. Source: Getting to Zero Coalition; Cargo Owners for Zero Emission Vessels; Energy Transitions Commission; Mission Possible Project; BCG analysis



Steel | Commitment scope

Steel production (M tonnes)



 **Ambition for a component manufacturer/Final goods producer**

“ At least 10% (by volume) of all our steel purchased per year will be near-zero emissions by 2030

Technologies in FMC scope

- Nascent green technologies
 - E.g., Electrowinning, Electrolyzer
- Advanced green technologies
 - CCUS and CCS with existing processes (E.g., BF-BOF)
 - Green H2 use to reduce iron ore (E.g., H2-DRI-EAF)

Note: representation excludes EAF volumes
 Source: Net Zero emissions by 2050 'Tech Moratorium' scenario from Mission Possible Partnership for Steel (Oct 2021)



Steel | Detailed commitment

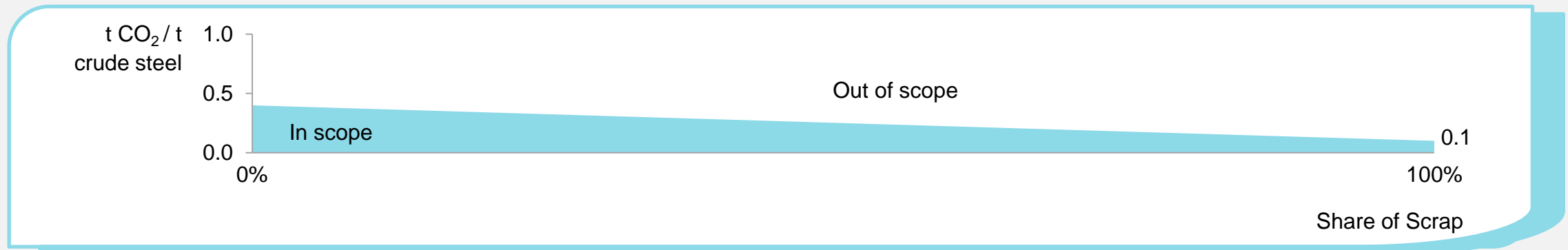
Subject of demand signal

The purchase of **near zero-emissions steel**, satisfying the following criteria:

- Crude steel from breakthrough technology production facilities
- Emitting ≤0.4 (0% scrap inputs) to ≤0.1 t (100% scrap inputs) of CO₂ per tonne of crude steel produced¹

Ambition

“At least 10% (by volume) of all our steel purchased per year will be near-zero emissions (as per FMC definition) by 2030”

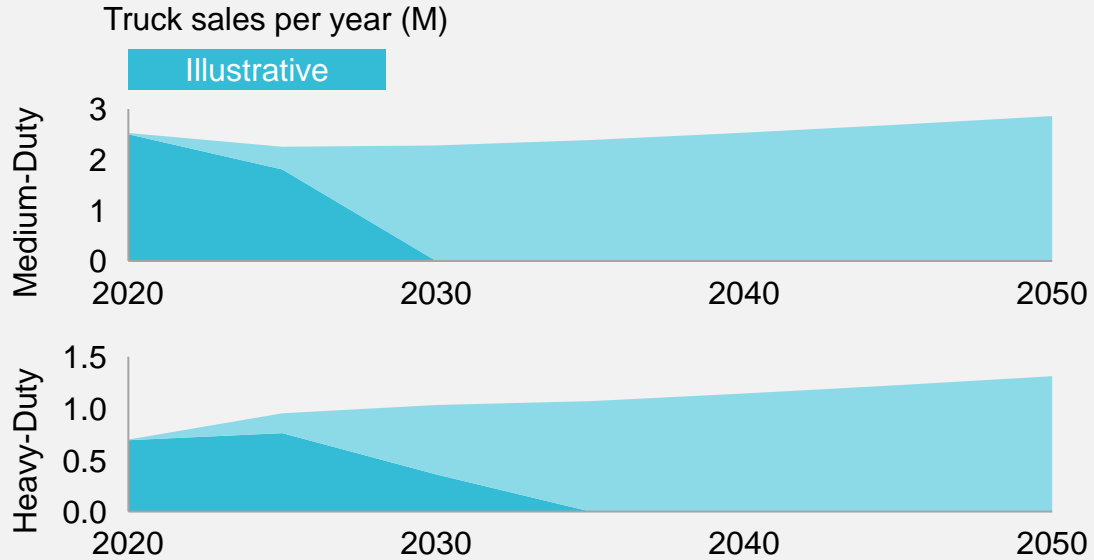


1. FMC set ambitious standards, including a fixed supply chain boundary inclusive of all raw material preparation through steelmaking and casting. This boundary was developed in coordination with partners and is similarly reflected in other standards, including IEA recommendations for G7 members. Maintaining alignment across standards helps FMC members stay in step with industry & customer expectations through 2030. FMC permits the use of virtual PPA to satisfy Scope 2 emission thresholds, if additionality is confirmed by independent expert third party.

Source: Mission Possible Partnership. Note: Commitment scope includes both flat and long steel.



Trucking | Commitment scope



Technologies in FMC scope

- Zero-emission vehicles
 - Battery electric vehicles
 - Fuel-cell electric vehicles
- Fossil fuel-powered trucks



Trucking owners and operators



At least 30% of my heavy-duty and 100% of my medium-duty new truck purchases will be zero-emission trucks by 2030



Retailers and Manufacturers



I require my trucking service providers to meet the commitment that at least 30% of heavy-duty and 100% of medium-duty new truck purchases will be zero-emission trucks by 2030



Trucking | Detailed commitment

Subject of demand signal

Purchase or contracting of **zero-emission medium and heavy-duty vehicles**

Note: Medium-duty is >14k lbs¹
and heavy-duty is >26k lbs²

In-scope:

- BEV – Battery electric vehicles
- FCEV – Fuel-cell electric vehicles (Hydrogen)
- Renewable sources of electricity and hydrogen for charging / catenary and refueling

Out-of-scope:

- Liquid natural gas and drop-in fuels
- Carbon offsets
- Efficiency improvements

Ambition

Trucking owner & trucking operators- At least 30% of my heavy-duty and 100% of my medium-duty truck purchases will be zero-emission trucks by 2030.

OR

Retailers & manufacturers - I require my trucking service providers to meet the commitment that at least 30% of heavy-duty and 100% of medium-duty truck purchases will be zero-emission trucks by 2030.

Joining the FMC is
an opportunity to
take action on
climate and build the
clean supply chains
of the future

Please contact

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Pelayo González

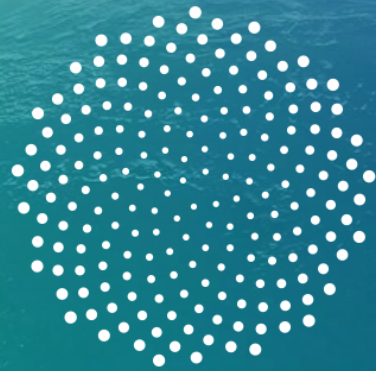
Pelayo.Gonzalez@weforum.org

if you are interested to learn more about the
First Movers Coalition

We look forward to jointly making emerging clean technologies accessible and scalable



First Movers
Coalition



First Movers Coalition





Association Perspectives



Alasdair Graham

*Head of Industry
Decarbonization, Mission
Possible Partnership*

*Energy Transitions
Commission*





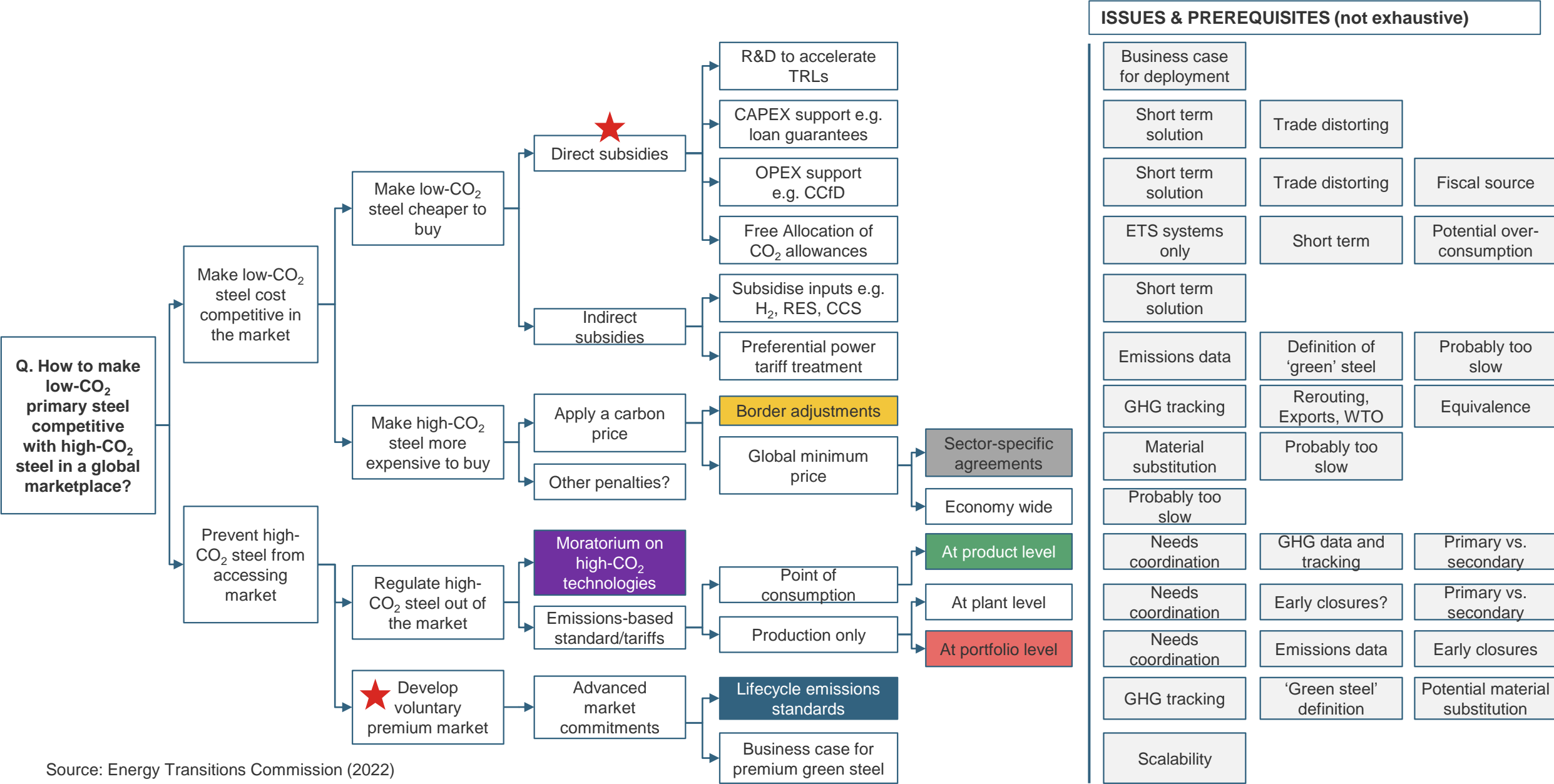
Energy
Transitions
Commission

Financing Clean Energy Demonstrations

Alasdair Graham, Head of Industry Decarbonisation,
Energy Transitions Commission

30th October 2023

The policy options for systematically decarbonising steel



Q. How to make low-CO₂ primary steel competitive with high-CO₂ steel in a global marketplace?

Make low-CO₂ steel cost competitive in the market

Make low-CO₂ steel cheaper to buy

Direct subsidies

- R&D to accelerate TRLs
- CAPEX support e.g. loan guarantees
- OPEX support e.g. CCfD
- Free Allocation of CO₂ allowances

Indirect subsidies

- Subsidise inputs e.g. H₂, RES, CCS
- Preferential power tariff treatment

Make high-CO₂ steel more expensive to buy

Apply a carbon price

- Border adjustments
- Global minimum price

Other penalties?

- Sector-specific agreements
- Economy wide

Prevent high-CO₂ steel from accessing market

Regulate high-CO₂ steel out of the market

Moratorium on high-CO₂ technologies

Emissions-based standard/tariffs

- Point of consumption
- Production only

- At product level
- At plant level
- At portfolio level

Develop voluntary premium market

Advanced market commitments

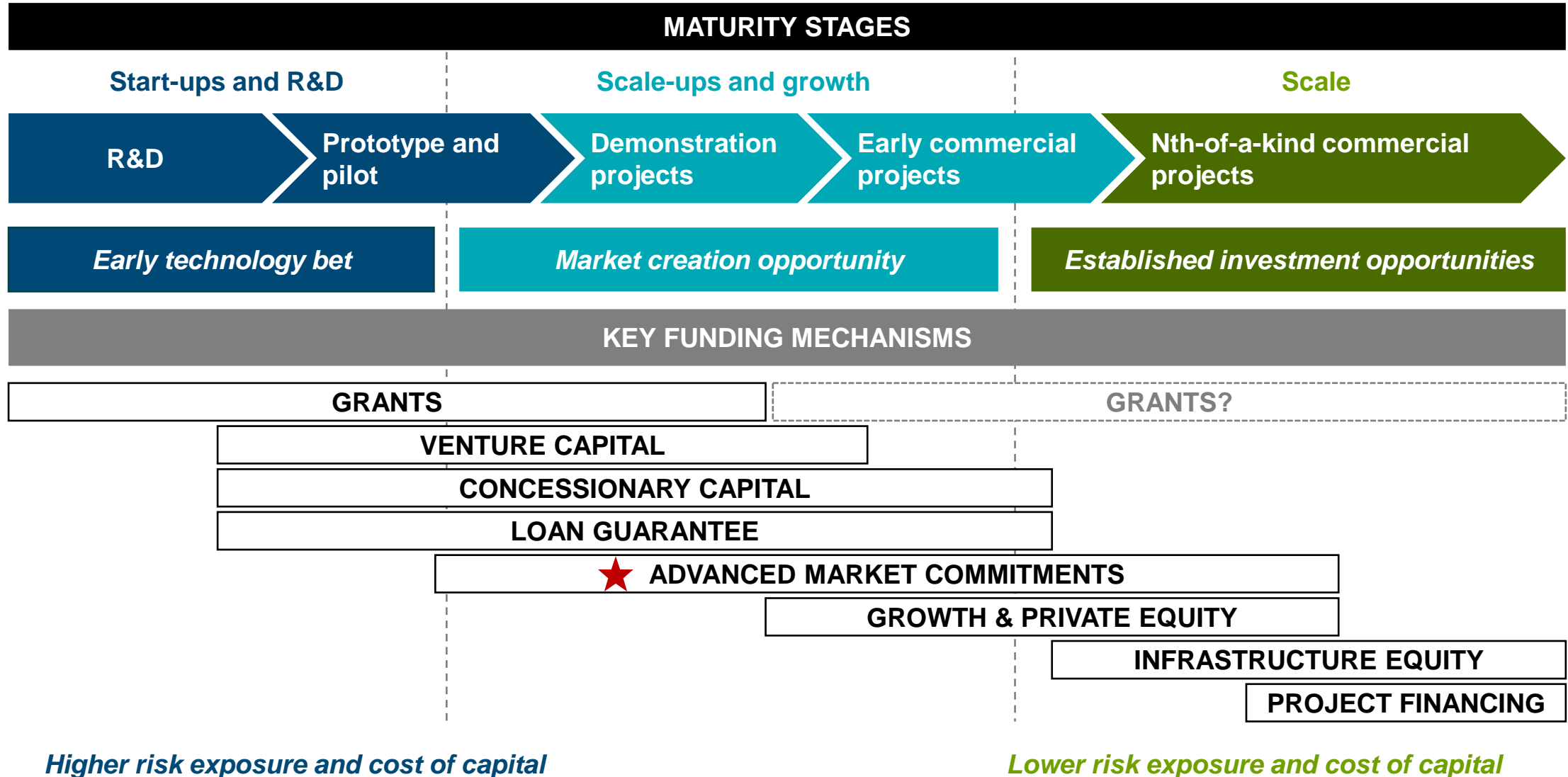
- Lifecycle emissions standards
- Business case for premium green steel

ISSUES & PREREQUISITES (not exhaustive)

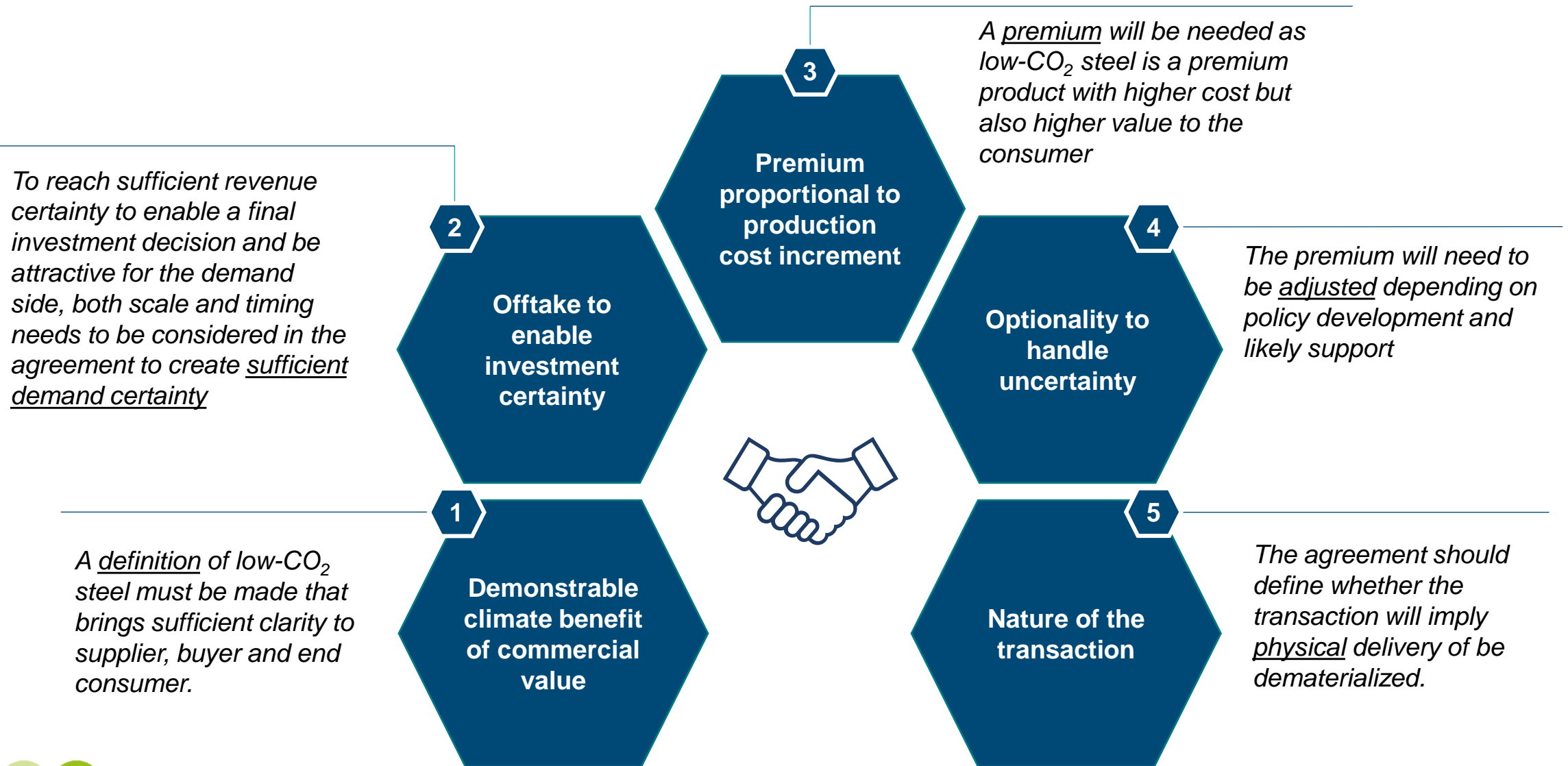
| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Business case for deployment | | |
| Short term solution | Trade distorting | |
| Short term solution | Trade distorting | Fiscal source |
| ETS systems only | Short term | Potential over-consumption |
| Short term solution | | |
| Emissions data | Definition of 'green' steel | Probably too slow |
| GHG tracking | Rerouting, Exports, WTO | Equivalence |
| Material substitution | Probably too slow | |
| Probably too slow | | |
| Needs coordination | GHG data and tracking | Primary vs. secondary |
| Needs coordination | Early closures? | Primary vs. secondary |
| Needs coordination | Emissions data | Early closures |
| GHG tracking | 'Green steel' definition | Potential material substitution |
| Scalability | | |

Source: Energy Transitions Commission (2022)

Tailoring financial solutions from early R&D efforts to commercial-scale projects



Five design parameters for efficient advanced market commitments for steel





Industry Perspectives



Brad Davey

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Head of Corporate Business
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ArcelorMittal



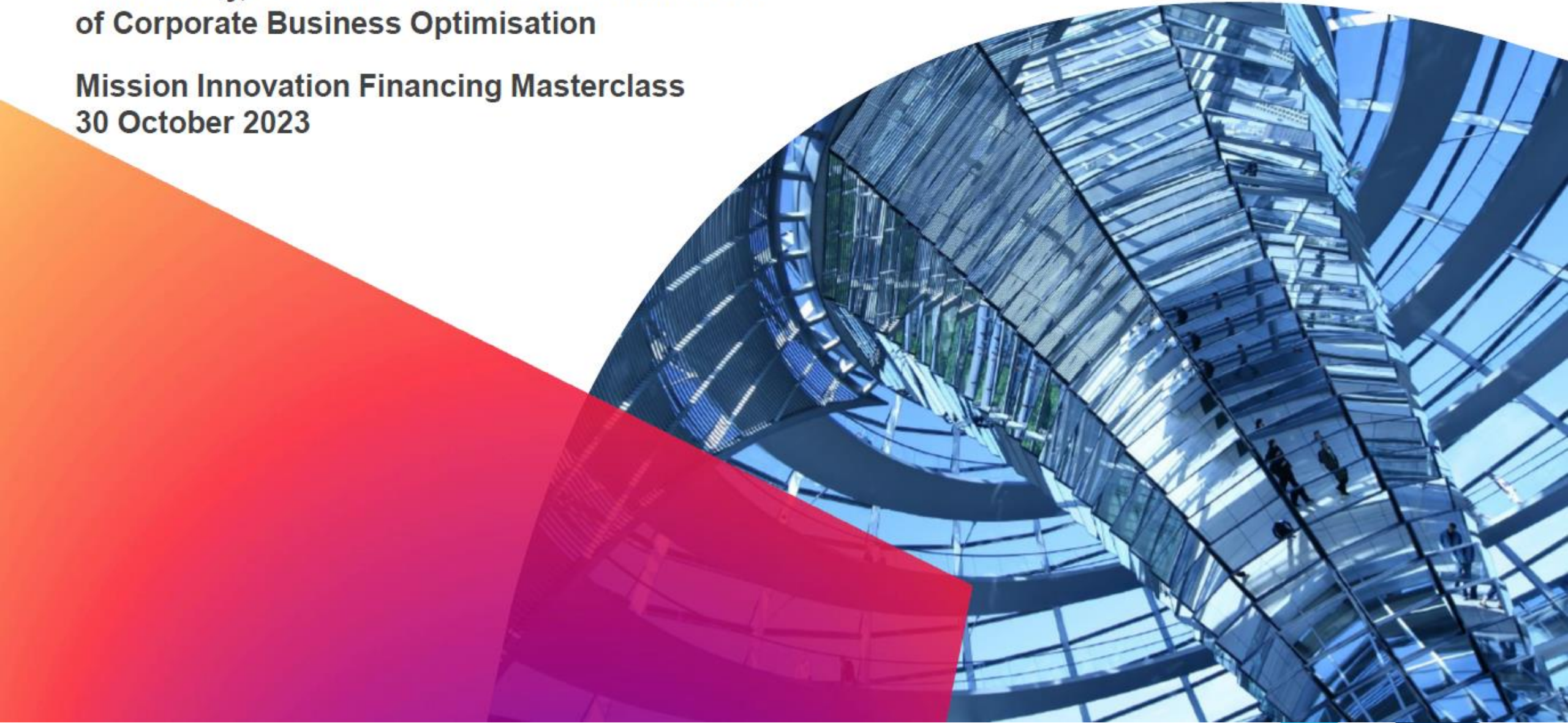
Smarter steels for people and planet

Brad Davey, Executive Vice President and Head
of Corporate Business Optimisation

Mission Innovation Financing Masterclass
30 October 2023



ArcelorMittal



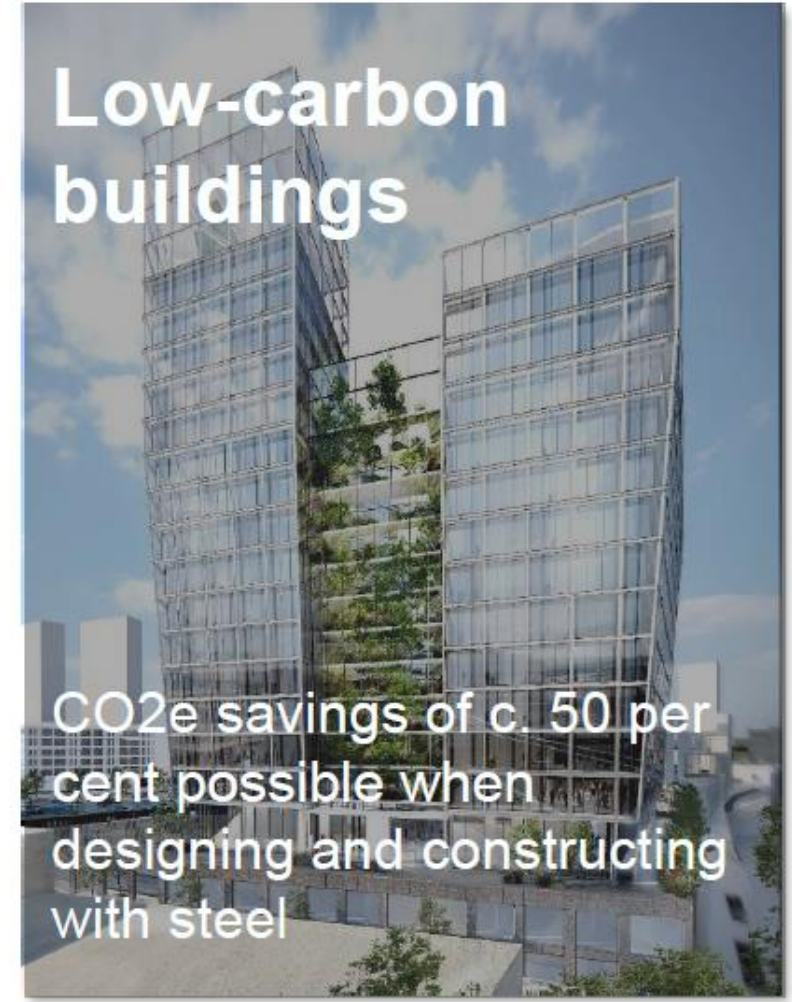
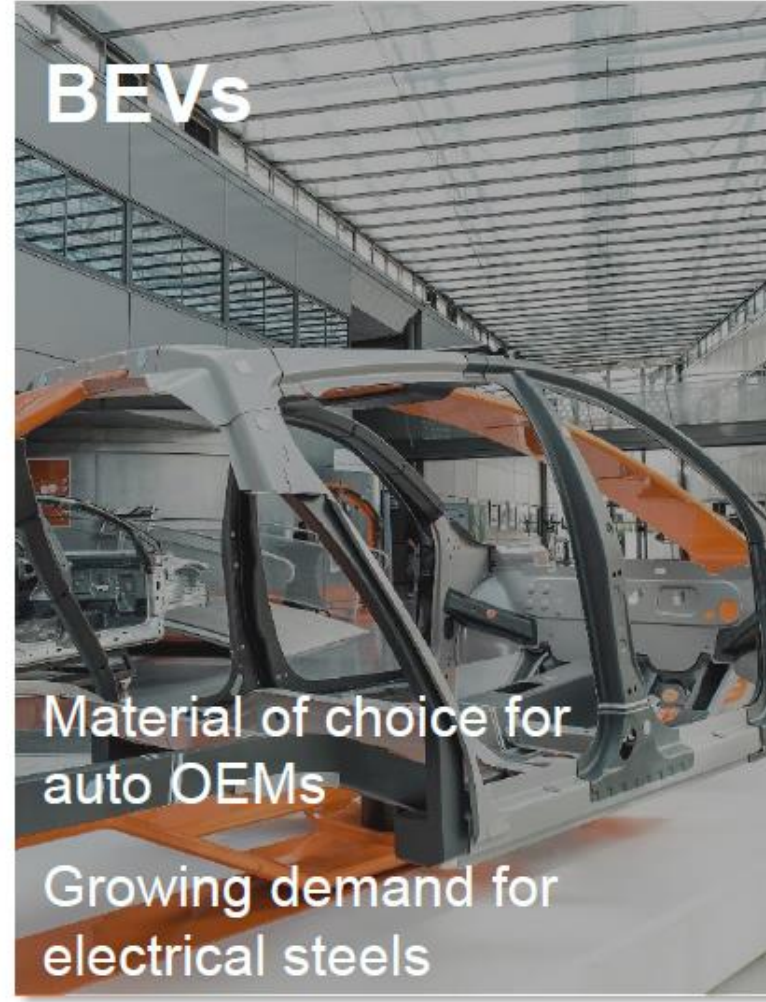
The sustainable credentials of steel

The perfect material for a low-carbon, circular economy

- Infinitely recyclable without quality loss
- Recycling rates of c. 90 per cent
- Lower carbon footprint than competing materials



A key enabler in the decarbonisation of other sectors and a pivotal material for the energy transition



Steel's carbon challenge

1.9bn

Tonnes of steel produced last year, with forecasts indicating that figure will grow to 2.5 billion by 2050

One of the most prolifically used materials in the world... meaning our industry accounts for c. 7 per cent of global GHG emissions

Circularity will be achieved near the end of this century. Scrap steel is the input for 30% of steelmaking today and forecast to be 50% by 2050

Primary steelmaking (from iron ore) is a hard to abate process



Leading the decarbonization of the steel industry

2050 NET
ZERO

Our strategy

Steel will be made in different ways in different parts of the world

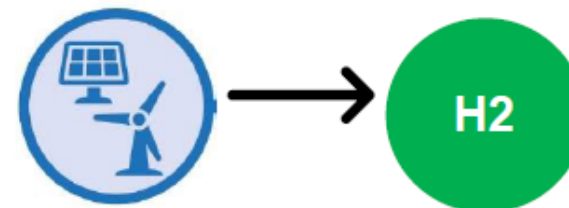
- **Circularity will be maximized.**
ArcelorMittal is the global capacity leader in EAF and we will also lead in Primary Steelmaking decarbonization
- Broadest suite of decarbonization technologies
- Right technology in the right region at the right time
- All pathways to support net zero

Smart Carbon



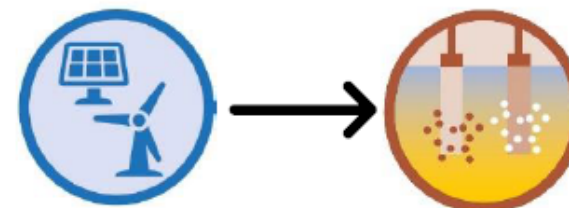
Modifies the BF-BOF route to take advantage of gas injection/recirculation, bioenergy, and CCU/S

Innovative DRI



Uses clean electricity to produce green hydrogen (via electrolysis of water) for the production of DRI

Direct electrolysis



Uses clean electricity to power the direct electrolysis of iron ore

In 2050, annual global steel demand is expected to exceed 2.5 billion tonnes, c. 50% of which will be produced with scrap / recycled steel

Taking action: Testing and trialing technology



Torero:
converting
waste wood
or end of
life plastics
to bio-coal



Steelmanol:
Capturing
carbon rich
waste gases
and
transforming
them into
ethanol



**Carbon capture
technologies:**
Several pilots
underway to reduce
cost of carbon
capture and waste
gas recycling

Successfully
tested the
partial use of
green
hydrogen at
DRI plant in
Quebec,
Canada



Hamburg H2:
Testing the
ability of
hydrogen to
reduce iron
ore and
produce DRI
on an
industrial
scale



Volteron™:
Targeting
world's first
low-
temperature
iron
electrolysis
plant by 2027



Taking action: Evolving our asset base, investing in renewables, and developing the green steel markets



Securing the metallics required for low-emissions steelmaking

Four scrap recycling businesses acquired in past 18 months



Securing the metallics required for low-emissions steelmaking

Acquisition of state-of-the-art HBI plant in Corpus Christi, Texas



Transitioning our asset base

Plans announced to transition to DRI-EAF steelmaking at several locations in Europe and Canada



Investing in renewable energy sources

Renewable energy projects in India, Brazil, Argentina and South Africa - total 1.9GW.

ArcelorMittal was the leader in the launching of lower carbon steel products under our Xcarb brand and we continue to grow the offerings

Accelerating our industry's transition: the catalytic role policy can play



Policy needed to ensure that low-carbon emissions steelmaking is as competitive as higher carbon-emissions steel:

1. Measures to incentivise the transition to low and zero carbon-emissions steelmaking
2. A fair competitive landscape that accounts for the global nature of the steel market, ensuring domestic production, import and exports are subject to equivalent GHG reduction regulations
3. Financial support to innovate and make long-term investments and neutralise the higher operating costs of low and zero carbon-emissions steelmaking
4. Access to sufficient clean energies at affordable price level
5. Incentives to encourage the consumption of low and zero carbon-emissions steel over higher carbon-emissions steel



**Committed to advancing our climate
action agenda**

**Developing and deploying our industry's
broadest suite of decarbonisation
technologies**

Investing to transform our asset base

**Supporting our customers'
decarbonization journeys and developing
the green steel markets**

**Vocal advocate on initiatives that can
support our industry's transition**

Thank you



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Smarter steels for people and planet



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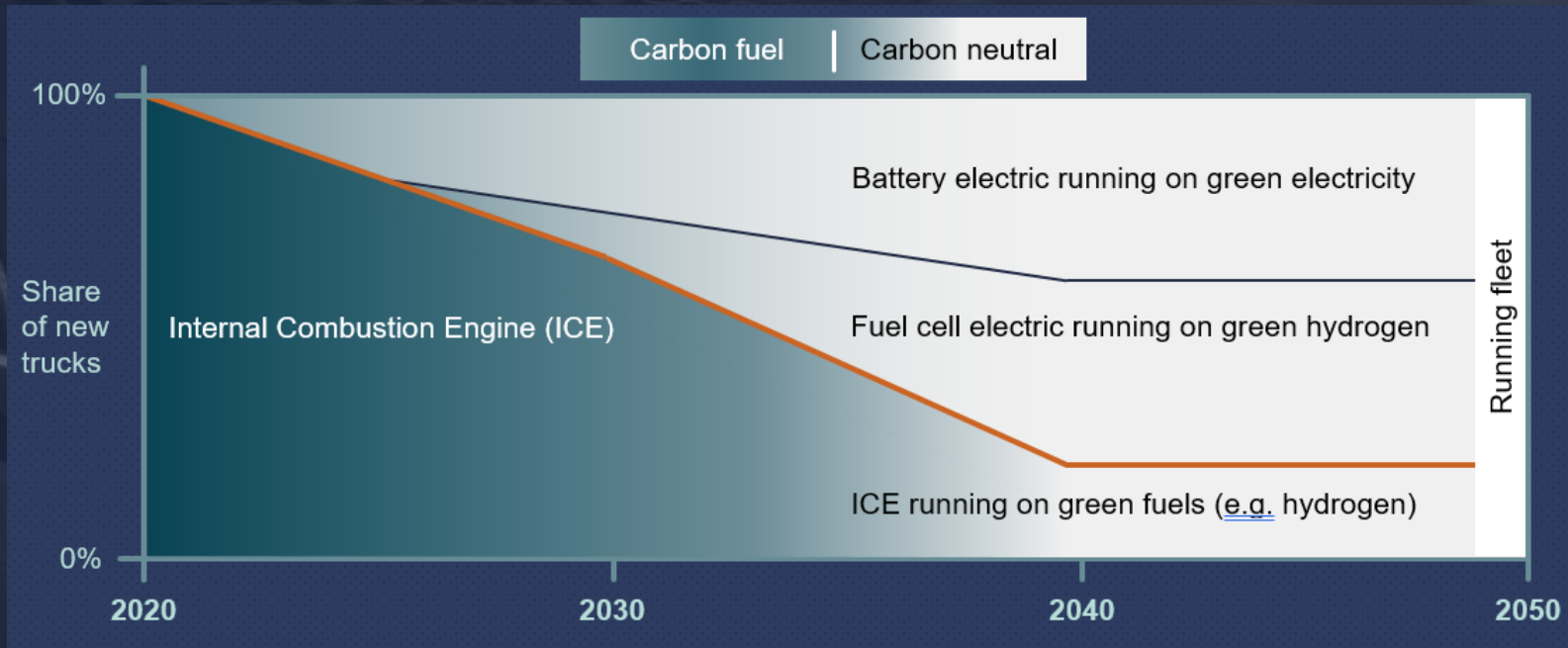
Niklas Gustafsson

*Head, Public Policy and
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Volvo Group



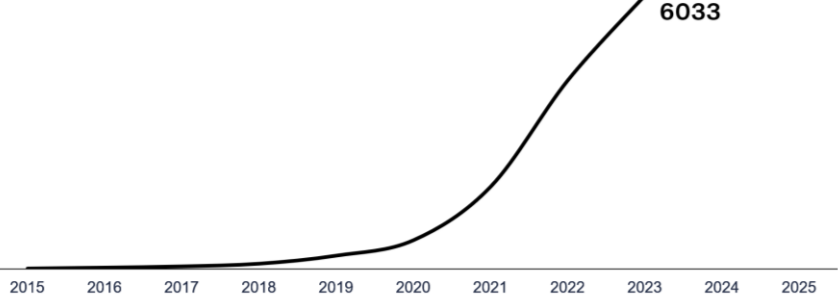
100% fossil free Volvo Group vehicles 2040



VOLVO

VOLVO

Companies taking action towards science-based targets



First Movers Coalition

Steel Aluminum Trucking



Energy Transitions Commission



Zero emission transport =

Vehicles

Infrastructure

Green energy

Business case



Country Perspective

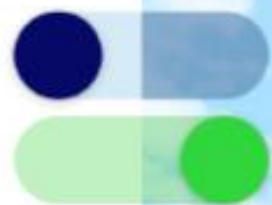


Timo Bollerhey

Chief Executive Officer

HINT.CO GmbH





Shaping the global **energy transition.**

H2Global | Idea, Instrument and Intention

Oktober 2023

H2Global — an innovative instrument to promote a timely and effective technology and market ramp-up of clean hydrogen and its derivatives

Key elements

Bridging



Creating business cases and investment security.

Shifting the timing of market creation by promoting the market ramp-up until a viable low-carbon market has developed.

Defined System



Long-term purchase agreements over 10 years.

Clear definition of max. funding volume, products, geography and (sustainability) criteria by funding body.

Contracts for Difference



Financial compensation in analogy to CfD mechanism.

Set up of an intermediary — the **Hydrogen Intermediary Company**.



Competition-based



Double-auction: Market-based bidding procedures on the supply and demand side.

Minimization of the price difference to be compensated by funds.

H2Global's catalytic effect shifts market creation forward allowing early market opening

H2Global bridges the gap between supply and demand

Immediate creation of simulated market on supply and demand side



Exemplary illustration of the market development

Competition-based auctions for the purchase and resale of clean hydrogen and its derivatives through the intermediary Hintco

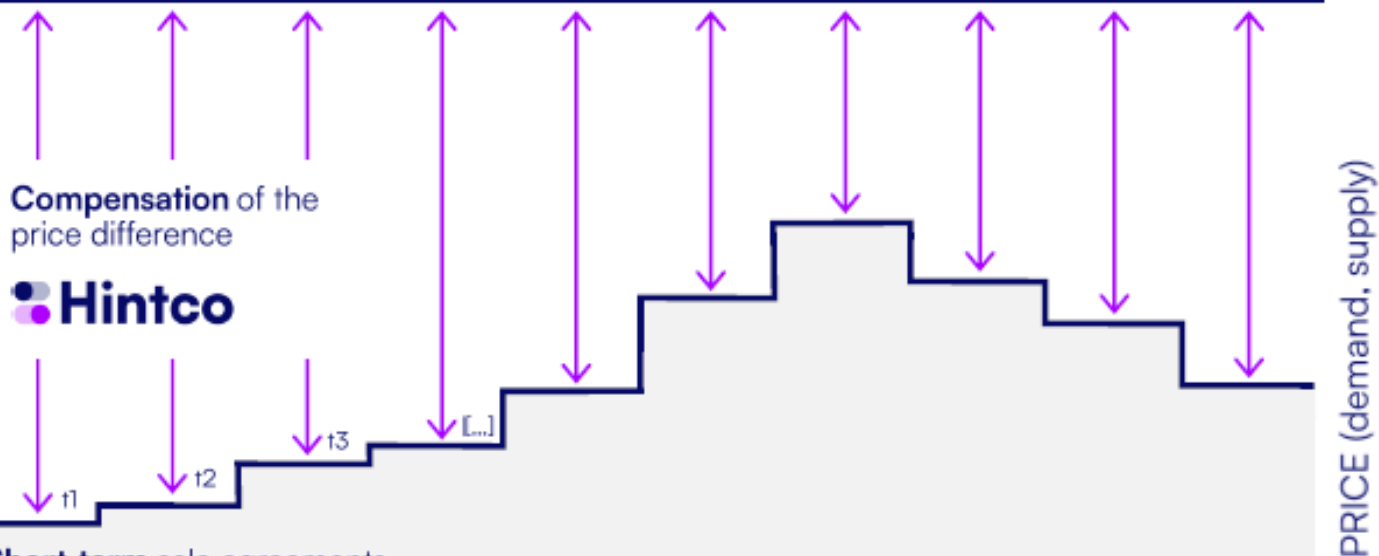


Unlocking the economic puzzle of sustainable hydrogen with the H2Global market-driven compensation mechanism

H2Global auctions uncover **supplier** and **offtake pricing dynamics**

Short-term and broad-based **price signals** are crucial to create **liquidity** and support market development.

Long-term purchase agreement with **supply side**, 10-year fixed price and terms



Exemplary illustration of the market development:
Possible increase in market regulation and resulting increase in willingness to pay

The flexible instrument empowers governments to shape the global hydrogen market through customized funding windows

Customized regarding:

- Geography (global, regions, countries)
- H2 product selection
- Product and sustainability criteria

Adaptable to targets:

- Price optimization
- Promotion of green technology
- Energy policy
- Decarbonization of specific sectors
- Development policy

Definition of
- geography
- products
- criteria



Funding body A

Funding body B

Funding body C

Funding body D



 **Hintco**

Customized
funding
windows



Global

Region

Country

Country



The first BMWK grant of 900 million euros showcases the modular system for tailored financing

Geography*

- Competition-based purchasing beyond EU and EFTA; delivery to Belgium, Netherlands or Germany.
- Competition-based sale to German and European companies; awarded to the highest bidder.

Products produced based on renewable H2*

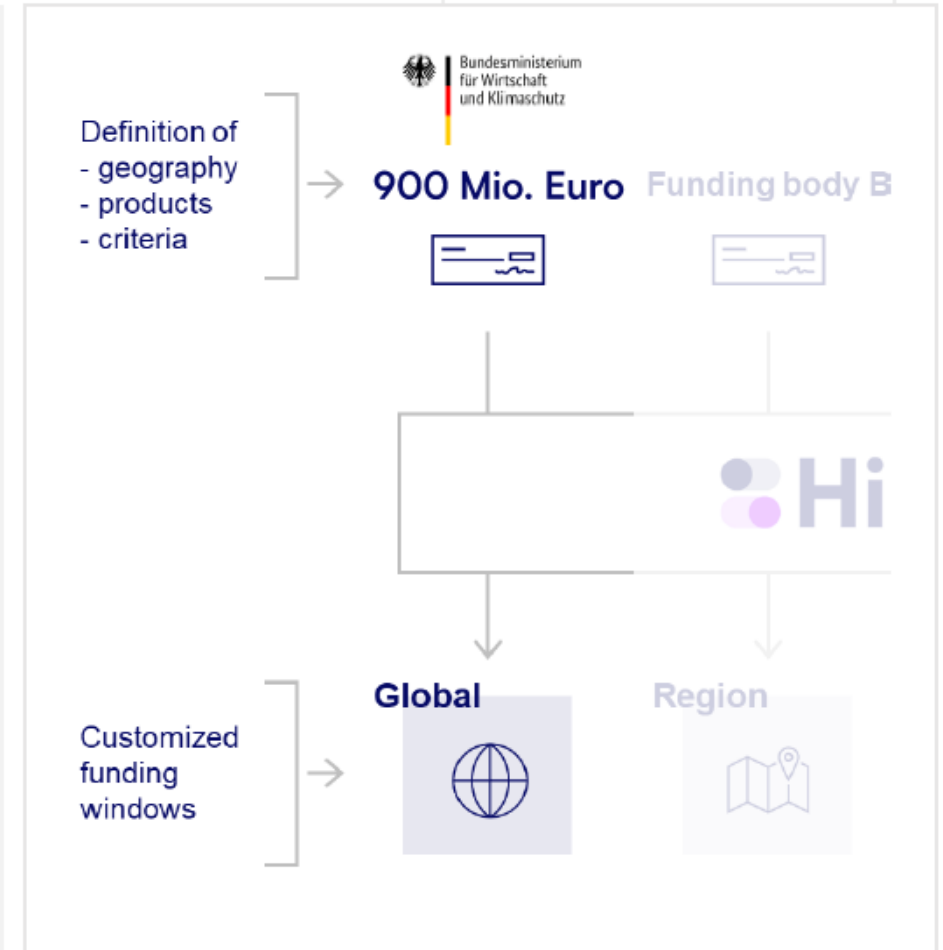
- Ammonia
- Methanol
- e-SAF

Criteria*

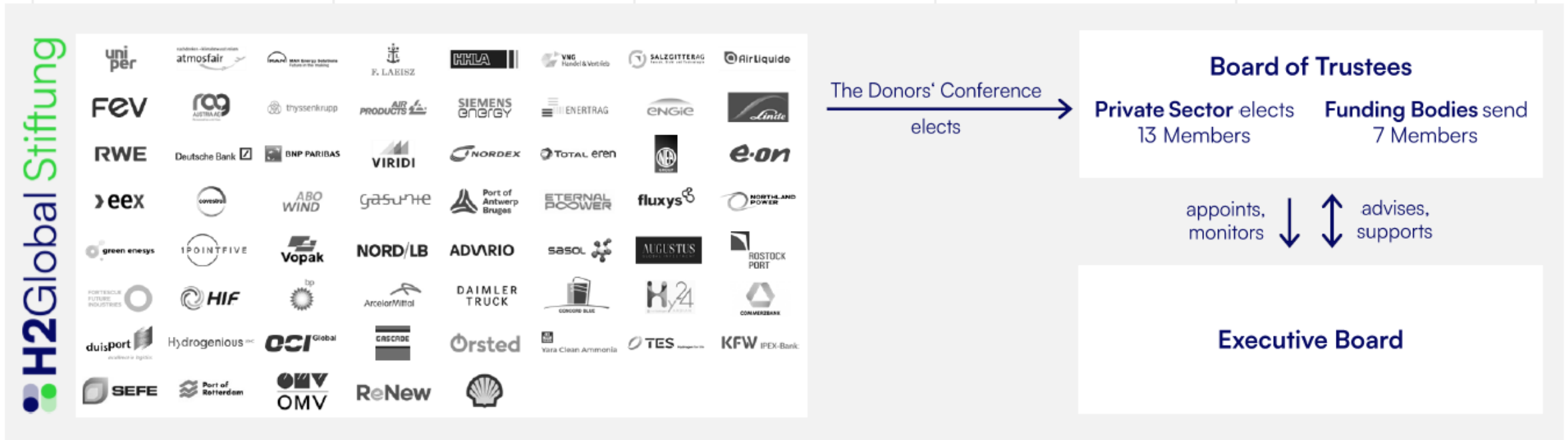
- Electricity from renewable sources must be used for production.
- Criteria for renewability of electricity and greenhouse gas balancing are oriented towards REDII, resp. DAs.

*Incomplete information. All details are without guarantee. Details, see:

- a) Zuwendung aus dem Bundeshaushalt, Einzelplan 09, Kapitel 0904, Titel 896 02
- b) Anlage 2: Weitere Nebenbestimmungen und Hinweise



The non-profit foundation effectively enables this public-private initiative, which is constantly evolving and adapting to market developments





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Moderated Discussion and Q&A





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Alasdair Graham
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Commission



Niklas Gustafsson
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Audience Questions

- Please **signal in the meeting chat** any questions and identify the speaker the question is for.
- Once called upon by the Moderator, please unmute and ask your question



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